CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

Independent Auditor's Report, and Regulatory Basis Financial Statement With Regulatory-Required Supplementary Information With Federal Compliance Section For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

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Diehl Banwart Bolton

Certified Public Accountants PA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and the City Council of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2022, or changes in financial positions and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City as of December 31, 2022, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures - actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Prior Year Comparative Numbers

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2021 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link http://admin.ks.gov/offices/oar/municipal-services. The 2021 actual column (2021 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures - actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2021 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such 2021 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement. The 2021 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement or to the 2021 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2021 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Diehl, Banwart, Bolton, CPA, PA

DIEHL, BANWART, BOLTON, CPAs, PA

October 6, 2023 Fort Scott, Kansas

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash Balance Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		***************************************			Add		
	Beginning			Ending	Encumbrances		Prior Year
	Unencumbered			Unencumbered	and Accounts	Ending	Ending
Funds	Cash Balance	Receipts	Expenditures	Cash Balance	Payable	Cash Balance	Cash Balance
General Fund	\$ 152,073.57	\$ 809,647.03	\$ 869,838.88	\$ 91,881.72	\$ 11,823.70	\$ 103,705.42	\$ 152,073.57
Special Purpose Funds:							
Special Park and Recreation	2,500.59	350.00	ı	2,850.59	•	2,850.59	2,500.59
Special Highway	114,558.13	27,118.79	15,406.99	126,269.93	•	126,269.93	114,558.13
Equipment Reserve	29,695.29	•	1	29,695.29	ı	29,695.29	29,695.29
Capital Improvement Reserve	23,890.70	r	•	23,890.70	1	23,890.70	23,890.70
Sewer Project Fund	18,396.59	21,797.61	1	40,194.20	ı	40,194.20	18,396.59
Water Project Fund	2,501,498.15	17,589.54	2,632,813.22	(113,725.53)	1,684,795.75	1,571,070.22	2,602,184.15
Wastewater Project Fund	•	6,366,823.63	920,315.91	5,446,507.72	773,301.00	6,219,808.72	F
ARPA Fund	66,232.38	66,232.38	81,206.81	51,257.95	ı	51,257.95	66,232.38
Business Fund:							
Utilities	270,207.32	545,586.24	331,008.97	484,784.59	10,986.01	495,770.60	278,926.07
Trust Funds:							
Mayor's Christmas Tree	204.57	825.00		1,029.57	•	1,029.57	204.57
Christmas Tree	1,650.00	•	1,650.00		Γ		1,650.00
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 3,180,907.29	\$ 7,855,970.22	\$ 4,852,240.78	\$ 6,184,636.73	\$ 2,480,906.46	\$ 8,665,543.19	\$ 3,290,312.04
ر المدين على المدينة ا			Ganama (Theoling Account	Account		\$ 160 380 38	\$ 81 592 10
Composition of Casil.			Special Highway Checking Account	hecking Account			

2,602,184.15

535,964.80 52,049.14 54,828.35

50,219.18

Wastewater Project Checking Account.....

Kansas Municipal Investment Pool Accounts.....

Total Reporting Entity

Sewer Checking Account.....

 \$ 3,290,312.04

\$ 8,665,543.19

7,685,831.41

365,610.04 126,367.62

CITY OF LINN VALLEY

Notes to the Financial Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statement of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas (the City), has been prepared in order to show compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas. The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG), as approved by the director of the Kansas Division of Accounts and Reports, establishes the guidelines for the regulatory basis of accounting in the state of Kansas. The more significant of the City's accounting policies follow.

Nature of Organization

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council.

Financial Reporting Entity

This financial statement presents the City (primary government) and its related municipal entities. The City has determined that there are no related municipal entities which should be accounted for in its financial statement.

Basis of Presentation and Basis of Accounting

A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restriction, or limitations.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the city of Linn Valley, Kansas:

<u>General fund</u> – the chief operating fund used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose funds</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Projects and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Project fund</u> – used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

<u>Business fund</u> – funds financed in whole or part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service funds, etc.)

<u>Trust fund</u> – funds used to report assets held for the benefit of the municipal financial reporting entity (i.e. pension funds, investment funds, private purpose trust funds which benefit the municipal reporting entity, scholarship funds, etc.)

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the City is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20th. The City held a revenue neutral rate hearing on September 12, 2022.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. As stated in Note 9, the General Fund budget was amended during 2022.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds, trust funds, reserve accounts established by bond ordinances, and the following special purpose funds:

- Equipment Reserve Fund (K.S.A. 12-1,117)
- Capital Improvement Reserve Fund (K.S.A. 12-1,118)
- Sewer Project Fund (K.S.A. 12-1,11)
- Water Project Fund (K.S.A. 12-1,11)
- ARPA Fund (K.S.A. 12-1,11)
- Mayors Christmas Tree Fund (K.S.A. 79-2925)
- Christmas Tree Fund (K.S.A. 79-2925)

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Reimbursements

The City records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under KMAAG regulatory basis accounting.

Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments include money market checking accounts. Kansas statutes permit investment in checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and, in certain cases, obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees, other than sworn police officers, earn and accumulate vacation leave from 80 to 160 hours a year beginning on the date of employment. Full-time sworn police officers earn and accumulate vacation leave from 82.50 to 156.75 hours a year beginning on the date of employment. Vacation leave may accumulate from 80 to 156.75 hours based on the number of years of employment with the City. The City's contingent liability was \$14,458.16 at December 31, 2022.

Full-time employees, other than sworn police officers, earn and accumulate sick leave at the rate of eight hours per month worked to a maximum of 720 hours. Full-time sworn police officers earn and accumulate 8.25 hours per month worked to a maximum of 900 hours. Permanent part-time employees, working at least 20 hours a week, earn four hours of sick pay per month worked to a maximum of 360 hours. Sick leave will be awarded as of the first day of each month of service, beginning with the fourth month of employment. Accumulated sick leave is lost upon termination of employment with the City.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

The City records a liability for compensated absences which meet the following criteria:

- 1. The City's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' services already rendered.
- 2. The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- 3. Payment of the compensation is probable.
- 4. The amount can be reasonably estimated and is material.

In accordance with the above criteria, the City has accrued a liability for vacation pay which has been earned but not taken by City employees. The liability is shown as a long-term obligation of the City, inasmuch as the liability is not expected to be paid with current resources.

Pension Plan

Substantially all full-time City employees are members of the State of Kansas Public Employees Retirement System, which is a multi-employer statewide pension plan. The City's policy is to fund all pension costs accrued. Such costs to be funded are actuarially determined annually by the State.

Termination and Post Employment Benefits

No termination benefits are provided to City employees when employment with the City ends except for the accrued compensated absences as discussed earlier.

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the local government is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the government makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured. There is no cost to the City under this program.

Property Taxes

In accordance with governing state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of taxes levied on or before December 20th during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10th of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1st of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31st, such taxes are a lien on the property.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance With Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

This financial statement and the regulatory-required supplementary information is designed to show compliance with the cash basis and budget laws and statutes of Kansas. The City was in apparent compliance with these laws and statutes of the State of Kansas, except as follows:

<u>Kansas cash basis law</u> – As shown on the financial statement, the Water Project fund shows a negative unencumbered cash balance of \$113,725.53 which appears to be a violation of the Kansas cash basis laws. However, this is not a violation of the cash basis law due to USDA Rural Development grant funds being received in the future to cover the expenditures.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statue requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405. The City's allocation of investments as of December 31, 2022 was 100% in the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City does not have any "peak periods" designated. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2022.

At December 31, 2022, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$8,665,543.19 and the bank balance was \$1,028,442.57. The bank balance was held by two banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$363,547.53 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$664,895.04 was collateralized with securities totaling \$7,450,546.45 held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the City's name.

3. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of failure of the issuer or counter party, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party: State statues require investments to be adequately secured.

At December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments and maturities.

	FAIR	LESS THAN I	
INVESTMENT TYPE	VALUE	YEAR MATURITY	<u>RATING</u>
Kansas Municipal			S&P
Investment Pool	\$7,685,831.41	<u>\$7,685,831.41</u>	AAAf/S1+

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; employees health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these risks of loss by carrying various commercial insurance policies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publically available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes KP&F member-employee contribution rate at 7.15% of covered salary. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, KPERS 3 and KP&F be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 9.90% for KPERS and 22.99% for KP&F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$16,755.21 for KPERS and \$29,689.76 for KP&F for the year ended December 31, 2022.

5. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2022, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$156,916 and \$297,922 for KP&F. The net pension liability totaling \$10,612,481,195 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

6. <u>UTILITIES</u>

On July 30, 2010, during special session, the City voted in favor of entering into the sale and operating agreement with Linn Valley Lakes Property Owner's Association (POA) for ownership of the water and sewer utilities. The City owns and maintains the sewer system and bills citizens for service provided. On February 8, 2016, the City approved the sewer operations agreement stating that the City will be responsible for operation and maintenance of the sewer system, lift station and lagoons. The POA will pay a dumping fee for use of the lift station and/or lagoon. The City also approved a bill of sale to sell/transfer three sewage trucks and related equipment involved in the hold and haul operation of the POA. The water continues to be owned by the City and operated by the POA.

7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers were as follows:

		Statutory	
From Fund	To Fund	<u>Authority</u>	Amount
Utilities	Sewer Project	KSA 12-825d	\$ 21,797.61

8. CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital projects with approved change orders compared with expenditures form inception are as follows:

USDA RD Water Project	VALUE AND A TO A T
Sources of Funds:	
USDA RD Loan	\$ 10,222,000.00
USDA RD Grant	7,283,000.00
Local Funds	85,468.54
Total	\$ 17,590,468.54
Project Expenditures:	
Bond Issue Cost	\$ 47,635.50
Interest Expense	10,217.22
Contractual Services	79,342.75
Commodoties	29,873.96
Capital Outlays	2,690,854.79
Total	\$ 2,857,924.22

The City was notified on September 23, 2021, that loan and grant funds have been reserved from the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development in the amount of \$10,222,000 and \$7,283,000, respectively, for a water project. The City has used temporary General Obligation Bonds to fund the project until the Rural Development loan and grant funds are received. The water project is being used to update water lines around Linn Valley Lakes. The City will take over the billing and collections for the water service once the project is well underway, and use the water utility revenues to make the loan payments.

USDA RD Wastewater Project	
Sources of Funds:	11.82 /- 41.40
USDA RD Loan	\$ 6,416,000.00
USDA RD Grant	627,000.00
Local Funds	13,700.43
Total	\$ 7,056,700.43
Project Expenditures:	
Bond Issue Cost	\$ 53,522.00
Interest Expense	65,015.47
Contractual Services	193.44
Capital Outlays	801,585.00
Total	\$ 920,315.91

The City was notified on March 17, 2022, that loan and grant funds have been reserved from the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development in the amount of \$6,416,000 and \$627,000, respectively, for a wastewater project. The City has used temporary General Obligation Bonds to fund the project until the Rural Development loan and grant funds are received. The wastewater project is being used to update sewer lines around Linn Valley Lakes. The City will use the sewer utility revenues to make the loan payments.

9. <u>BUDGET AMENDMENTS</u>

The budget for the general fund was amended as follows:

General Fund		Original Budget	mended Budget
Cash Receipts			
Taxes			
Ad Valorem Tax	\$	504,820	\$ 504,820
Delinquent Tax		10,025	20,252
Motor Vehicle Tax		60,723	71,948
Franchise Tax		52,000	28,000
Intergovernmental			
Miami County Interlocal Agreement		15,000	15,000
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		38,000	80,000
Licenses and Permits			
Building Permits		62,000	43,442
Contractors Licenses		4,600	3,300
Use of Money and Property			
Interest		800	720
Other			
Cell Tower Rent		6,600	6,570
Insurance Dividend		6,400	7,343
Police Fundraiser - Fireworks			19,721
Miscellaneous		900	 1,173
Total Receipts		761,868	802,289
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		68,901	 150,419
Resources Available	\$	830,769	\$ 952,708
Expenditures			
Salary & Wages & Benefits	\$	500,000	\$ 526,000
Capital Outlay		_	84,556
Attorney		45,570	14,435
Buildings		48,000	44,500
Court		16,143	15,000
Fire Department		22,000	26,000
Leases		33,217	33,217
Office		20,075	28,500
Insurance		50,000	49,000
Planning & Development		24,400	12,500
Police Department		39,000	54,000
City Hall Building	 	19,000	 65,000
Total Expenditures	\$	817,405	\$ 952,708

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to December 31, 2022 through October 6, 2023, the date of the financial statement. During this period, there were no subsequent events requiring recognition in the financial statement or disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

11. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

General Obligation Temporary Notes, Series 2022, were issued for \$6,416,000 on June 29, 2022 are payable on June 1, 2026. Sources and uses of the 2022 temporary notes were as follows:

Sources:		
Principal Amount of the Notes	\$	6,416,000.00
Underwriter's Discount		(62,876.80)
Total	\$	6,353,123.20
Uses of Funds:		
Deposit to Improvement Fund - Improvements	\$	5,849,625.73
Deposit to Improvement Fund - Capitalized Interest		449,975.47
Cost of Issuance	_	53,522.00
Total	\$	6,353,123.20

Details about the City's long-term obligations, changes in long term debt, and current maturities and interest for the next five years and in five-year increments through maturity are recorded on the following two pages:

11. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds 2.75% 5-27 Series 2015A 2.75% 5-21 Series 2015B 2.75% 5-21 Total General Obligation Bonds 0.40% 12-1 General Obligation Temporary Notes 2.40% 6-29 Total General Obligation Temporary Notes 4.06% 8-19 Police Vehicles 4.06% 8-19 2019 Dodge Charger 3.50% 11-2 2019 Ford Escape 2.00% 2-7 City Hall 0.00% 3-10 Total Capital Leases 3-10	5-21-2015 2,392,000 5-21-2015 200,000 12-14-2021 2,650,000 6-29-2022 6,416,000	1	5-21-2055 5-21-2055		Deht	Princinal Paid	Year	Interest Paid
22% 00% 00% 00%			21-2055 21-2055			han a wardana		
25% 00% 00% 00%			21-2055	\$ 2,207,404.97	· 69	\$ 40,053.36	\$ 2,167,351.61	\$ 60,703.64
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%				184,562.98	1	3,349.52	181,213.46	5,075.48
%0 %9 %0 %9				2,391,967.95	1	43,402.88	2,348,565.07	65,779.12
%0 %0 %9 %0								
% %% %% %% %% %% %% %% %% %% %% %% %% %			12-1-2023	2,650,000.00		1	2,650,000.00	10,217.22
%%%% %%%% %%%			6-1-2026	the state of the s	6,416,000.00	ı	6,416,000.00	65,015.47
icles 4.06% e Charger 3.50% Escape 2.00% pital Leases				2,650,000.00	6,416,000.00		9,066,000.00	75,232.69
icles 4.06% e Charger 3.50% Escape 2.00% pital Leases								
3.50% 2.00% 0.00%	8-19-2019 4	45,350 2-	2-15-2023	23,576.36	ι	11,553.79	12,022.57	956.59
2.00% 0.00% es	11-23-2020 2.	21,000 11	1-23-2024	15,598.87		5,170.25	10,428.62	463.01
0.00% ases	2-7-2022 2'		3-1-2025	•	27,314.00	7,008.39	20,305.61	32.93
Capital Leases	3-10-2022	98,431 12	12-10-2026	t	98,431.14	33,736.98	64,694.16	3
				39,175.23	125,745.14	57,469.41	107,450.96	1,452.53
Compensated Absences								
Vacation Pay N/A 1	N/A N/A	'A	N/A	16,823.36	•	2,365.20	14,458.16	N/A
Total Long Term Debt		*		\$ 5,097,966.54	\$ 6,541,745.14	\$ 103,237.49	\$11,536,474.19	\$ 142,464.34

11. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Totals	\$ 2,167,351.61 181,213.46 2,348,565.07	2,650,000.00 6,416,000.00 9,066,000.00	12,022.57 10,428.62 20,305.61 64,694.16 107,450.96	14,458,16	\$11,536,474.19	\$ 1,159,387.92 96,924.24 1,256,312.16	10,600.00 538,944.00 549,544.00	487.81 369.54 818.35 1,675.70	\$ 1,807,531.86 \$13,344,006.05
2053	\$288,146.56 \$ 24,062.30 312,208.86	4 1 4	1 1 1 T	()	\$312,208.86	\$ 16,043.16 \$ 1,338.79 17,381.95	1 7 1	5 1 [4	\$ 17,381.95
2048	\$428,122.25 35,802.32 463,924.57	t I ē			\$463,924.57	\$ 75,662.75 6,322.68 81,985.43	1 1 1	1 1 1	\$ 81,985.43 \$545,910.00
2043	\$373,821.33 31,261.34 405,082.67	1 3 1	1 1 5 1		\$405,082.67	\$129,963.67 10,863.66 140,827.33	1	1 1 1	\$140,827.33
2038	\$326,386.66 27,294.55 353,681.21) []		1	\$353,681.21	\$177,398.34 14,830.45 192,228.79	£ £ 1		\$ 192,228.79 \$ 545,910.00
2033	\$284,971.73 23,831.16 308,802.89	± 1 E	3 1 1 1 4	1 \$	\$308,802.89	\$218,813.27 18,293.84 237,107.11		1 1 1	\$237,107.11 \$545,910.00
2028	\$248,669.59 20,795.34 269,464.93	1 1 1		1	\$269,464.93	\$255,115.41 21,329.66 276,445.07	7) •	1 1 1	\$276,445.07 \$545,910.00
2027	\$ 45,867.40 3,835.72 49,703.12	* 1	1 1 1	t	\$ 49,703.12	\$ 54,889.60 4,589.28 59,478.88	1 6 1	1 1 1	\$ 59,478.88
2026	\$ 44,639.80 3,733.07 48,372.87	6,416,000.00			\$6,464,372.87	\$ 56,117.20 4,691.93 60,809.13	76,992.00	t 1 1 2	\$ 137,801.13 \$6,602,174.00
2025	\$ 43,445.06 3,633.15 47,078.21	4 1 1	6,903.24 21,564.72 28,467.96	ė	\$ 75,546.17	\$ 57,311.94 4,791.85 62,103.79	153,984.00	138.08	\$ 216,225,87 \$ 291,772.04
2024	\$ 42,126.40 3,522.88 45,649.28	1 4 1	5,074.69 6,767.16 21,564.72 33,406.57	1	\$ 79,055,85	\$ 58,470.41 4,888.73 63,359.14	153,984.00	90.20 274.16 364.36	\$ 217,707.50 \$ 296,763.35
2023	\$ 41,154.83 3,441.63 44,596.46	2,650,000.00	12,022.57 5,353.93 6,635.21 21,564.72 45,576.43	14,458.16	\$2,754,631.05	\$ 59,602.17 4,983.37 64,585.54	10,600.00 153,984.00 164,584.00	487.81 279.34 406.11 1,173.26	\$ 230,342.80
	PRINCIPAL GO Bonds Series 2015A Series 2015B Total GO Bonds	GO Temporary Note Series 2021 Series 2022 Total GO Temporary Notes	Capital Leases Police Vehicles 2019 Dodge Charger 2019 Ford Escape City Hall Total Capital Leases	Compensated Absences Vacation Pay	Total Principal	INTEREST GO Bonds Series 2015A Series 2015B Total GO Bonds	GO Temporary Note Series 2021 Series 2022 Total GO Temporary Notes	Capital Leases Police Vehicles 2019 Dodge Charger 2019 Ford Escape Total Capital Leases	Total Interest Total Principal & Interest

REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Funds		Certified Budget	Ad	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits		Total Budget for Comparison	E 5 0	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year		Variance - Over (Under)
General Fund	⇔	952,708.00	\$	27,314.00	8	980,022.00	5∕3	869,838.88	€9	(110,183.12)
Special Purpose Funds: Special Park and Recreation		2,800.00		•		2,800.00		1		(2,800.00)
Special Highway Business Fund:		111,350.00		1		111,350.00		15,406.99		(95,943.01)
Utilities fund	į	633,482.00		ı		633,482.00		331,008.97		(302,473.03)
	₩	1,700,340.00								

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Prior Year			Variance Over
Receipts	 Actual	 Actual	 Budget	 (Under)
Taxes				
Ad Valorem property tax	\$ 433,522.50	\$ 486,509.23	\$ 504,820.00	\$ (18,310.77)
Delinquent tax	11,796.62	20,252.67	20,252.00	0.67
Motor vehicle tax	73,525.22	71,947.87	71,948.00	(0.13)
Franchise taxes	27,833.53	28,459.09	28,000.00	459.09
Intergovernmental				
Miami County Interlocal Agreement	15,000.00	15,000.00	15,000.00	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	103,825.66	75,746.66	80,000.00	(4,253.34)
Licenses and Permits				
Building permits	39,822.25	44,439.87	43,442.00	997.87
Contractor licenses	5,335.00	4,200.00	3,300.00	900.00
Use of Money and Property				
Interest	641.24	825.76	720.00	105.76
Other				
Reimbursements from LVL's POA	409.20	-	-	-
Cell Tower rent	6,441.47	6,570.26	6,570.00	0.26
Insurance Dividends	6,353.44	7,342.84	7,343.00	(0.16)
Insurance Proceeds	27,514.00	, -	- -	=
Police Fundraiser-Fireworks	13,224.66	19,720.65	19,721.00	(0.35)
Lease Proceeds	23,000.00	27,314.00	-	27,314.00
Miscellaneous	5,086.03	1,318.13	1,173.00	145.13
Total Receipts	793,330.82	 809,647.03	\$ 802,289.00	\$ 7,358.03
Expenditures				
General				
Personal services	146,993.13	225,501.24	\$ 256,000.00	\$ (30,498.76)
Contractual services	114,215.64	123,622.95	63,435.00	60,187.95
Commodities	22,635.50	20,401.68	28,500.00	(8,098.32)
Capital Outlay	-	38,752.64	149,556.00	(110,803.36)
Public Safety - Police				
Personal services	166,547.98	189,052.39	200,000.00	(10,947.61)
Contractual services	6,457.21	285.00	-	285.00
Commodities	11,006.76	46,124.60	54,000.00	(7,875.40)
Capital Outlay	19,110.23	· -	-	-
Public Safety - Fire	ŕ			
Personal services	17,068.50	15,233.50	20,000.00	(4,766.50)
Commodities	11,478.06	24,415.36	26,000.00	(1,584.64)
Discretionary	, · · · · · · ·	y	•	()
Contractual services	634.77	224.86	-	224.86

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Prior Year Actual	 Actual	Budget		Variance Over (Under)
Expenditures		Actual	 Actual	 Duaget	(Olldo)	
Municipal Court						
Contractual services	\$	17,793.50	\$ 13,478.50	\$ 13,000.00	\$	478.50
Commodities	·	1,764.19	1,618.34	2,000.00		(381.66)
Planning and Zoning		•	,			
Personal services		53,384.11	33,429.75	12,500.00		20,929.75
Codes Enforcement						
Personal services		38,273.75	44,010.09	50,000.00		(5,989.91)
Contractual services		2,933.29	936.69	1,000.00		(63.31)
Commodities		2,321.64	10,740.14	15,000.00		(4,259.86)
Capital Outlay		30,495.23	27,314.00	28,500.00		(1,186.00)
Debt Service on Capital Lease						
Principal		46,127.17	53,264.38	33,217.00		20,047.38
Interest		2,280.42	1,432.77	 _		1,432.77
Subtotal Certified Budget				952,708.00		
Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credit						
Lease Proceeds		-	 -	 27,314.00		(27,314.00)
Total Expenditures		711,521.08	869,838.88	\$ 980,022.00	\$	(110,183.12)

Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		81,809.74	(60,191.85)			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		70,263.83	 152,073.57			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	152,073.57	\$ 91,881.72			

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS SPECIAL PARK AND RECREATION FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Prior Year					-	Variance Over
	Actual	Actual		Budget		(Under)	
Receipts	 						
Intergovernmental							
County park appropriation	\$ 350.00	\$	350.00	\$	400.00	\$	(50.00)
Total Receipts	 350.00		350.00	\$	400.00	\$	(50.00)
Expenditures Recreation							
Contractual services	 -		-	\$_	2,800.00	\$	(2,800.00)
Total Expenditures	 		1	\$	2,800.00	\$	(2,800.00)
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures	350.00		350.00				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 2,150.59		2,500.59				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 2,500.59	\$	2,850.59				

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Prior Year Actual		Actual Bud		Budget	Variance Over (Under)	
Receipts					-		
Intergovernmental							
State gasoline tax	\$	25,306.22	\$	25,511.51	\$	45,320.00	\$ (19,808.49)
Use of Money and Property							
Interest		531.54		1,364.28		360.00	1,004.28
Other							
Miscellaneous		285.00		243.00		370.00	(127.00)
				_			
Total Receipts		26,122.76		27,118.79	\$	46,050.00	\$ (18,931.21)
Expenditures Streets and Highways Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlays		2,403.33 4,103.06		705.34 3,594.99 11,106.66	\$	900.00 5,450.00 105,000.00	\$ (194.66) (1,855.01) (93,893.34)
Total Expenditures		6,506.39		15,406.99	\$	111,350.00	\$ (95,943.01)
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		19,616.37		11,711.80			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	***************************************	94,941.76		114,558.13			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	114,558.13	\$	126,269.93			

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Prior	
	Year	
	Actual	Actual
Receipts		
Operating Transfer from		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -
General Fund	Ф	J
Total Receipts		_
Expenditures		
Debt Service on Capital Lease		
Principal	5,401.13	-
Interest	701.59	•
Total Expenditures	6,102.72	
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures	(6,102.72)	-
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	35,798.01	29,695.29
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 29,695.29	\$ 29,695.29

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RESERVE FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Prior	
	Year	
	Actual	Actual
Receipts		
Operating Transfer from		
General Fund	\$ -	
Total Receipts		<u></u>
Expenditures		
Capital Outlays	15,184.62	<u></u>
Total Expenditures	15,184.62	_
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures	(15,184.62)	-
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	39,075.32	23,890.70
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 23,890.70	\$ 23,890.70

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS SEWER PROJECT FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Prior Year Actual	Actual
Receipts		
Operating Transfer from		
Sewer Utility Fund	\$ 18,396.59	\$ 21,797.61
Total Receipts	18,396.59	21,797.61
Expenditures		
Sewer Project		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		· <u>-</u>
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures	18,396.59	21,797.61
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		18,396.59
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 18,396.59	\$ 40,194.20

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS WATER PROJECT FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Prior			
		Year			
		Actual	Actual		
Receipts					
Debt Proceeds					
Temporary Notes	\$	2,650,000.00	\$	~	
Use of Money and Property					
Interest		11.40		17,389.54	
Other					
Miscellaneous				200.00	
Total Receipts		2,650,011.40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17,589.54	
Expenditures					
Water Project					
Contractual Services		-		2,745.00	
Commodities		191.75		29,682.21	
Capital Outlays		100,686.00		2,590,168.79	
Debt Service					
Interest		-		10,217.22	
Temporary Note Fees	•	47,635.50		***	
Total Expenditures		148,513.25		2,632,813.22	
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		2,501,498.15		(2,615,223.68)	
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		<u>-</u>		2,501,498.15	
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	2,501,498.15	\$	(113,725.53)	

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS WASTEWATER PROJECT FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	٦	Prior Year ctual	Actual			
Receipts						
Debt Proceeds						
Temporary Notes	\$	-	\$ 6,353,123.20			
Use of Money and Property						
Interest			12,087.43			
Other						
Miscellaneous			 1,613.00			
Total Receipts			 6,366,823.63			
Expenditures						
Wastewater Project						
Contractual Services		-	193.44			
Capital Outlays			801,585.00			
Debt Service						
Interest		-	65,015.47			
Temporary Note Fees	***		 53,522.00			
Total Expenditures		_	 920,315.91			
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		-	5,446,507.72			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning			 j-a			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	-	\$ 5,446,507.72			

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS ARPA FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Prior Year	***************************************		
	Actual	Actual		
Receipts				
Intergovernmental				
ARPA	\$ 66,232.38	\$	66,232.38	
Total Receipts	 66,232.38		66,232.38	
Expenditures Capital Outlays	 -		81,206.81	
Total Expenditures	 -	<u></u>	81,206.81	
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures	66,232.38		(14,974.43)	
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 -		66,232.38	
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 66,232.38	\$	51,257.95	

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS UTILITIES FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Prior Year Actual	 Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			 		
Taxes					
Special Utility Assessment	\$	1,463.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Use of Money and Property					
Interest		396.05	437.62	300.00	137.62
Other					
Sewer charges		191,918.30	212,240.49	293,000.00	(80,759.51)
Infrastructure grant		51,731.00	54,137.00	53,000.00	1,137.00
Pump installation		52,980.00	52,430.61	65,000.00	(12,569.39)
Lagoon use		80,907.73	96,756.74	111,200.00	(14,443.26)
Reimbursed expenses		-	129,455.94	131,250.00	(1,794.06)
Miscellaneous	-	659.32	 127.84	 300.00	 (172.16)
Total Receipts		380,055.40	 545,586.24	\$ 654,050.00	\$ (108,463.76)
Expenditures					
General					
Personnel services		26,409.34	-	\$ 70,000.00	\$ (70,000.00)
Contractual		71,794.57	8,113.15	53,000.00	(44,886.85)
Commodities		15,428.97	16,770.71	53,100.00	(36,329.29)
Capital outlays		120,830.37	164,139.46	316,500.00	(152,360.54)
Water Project					
Contractual		76,597.72	6,781.25	11,700.00	(4,918.75)
Debt Service					
Principal		42,241.25	43,402.88	109,182.00	(65,779.12)
Interest		66,940.75	65,779.12	-	65,779.12
Debt Service on Capital Lease					
Principal		-	4,205.03	-	4,205.03
Interest		-	19.76	-	19.76
Operating Transfers to Other Funds					
Sewer Project		18,396.59	 21,797.61	 20,000.00	 1,797.61
Total Expenditures		438,639.56	 331,008.97	\$ 633,482.00	\$ (302,473.03)
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		(58,584.16)	214,577.27		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		328,791.48	 270,207.32		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	270,207.32	 484,784.59		

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS MAYORS CHRISTMAS FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Prior			
		Year			
	,	Actual	Actual		
Receipts					
Other					
Donations			\$	825.00	
Total Receipts		 		825.00	
Expenditures					
General					
Contractual Services		-		_	
Total Expenditures		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		-		825.00	
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		204.57		204.57	
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	204.57	\$	1,029.57	

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS TREE FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Prior Year Actual	Actual
Receipts			
Other			
Donations		NA.	 -
Total Receipts		-	M
Expenditures			
General			
Contractual Services		+	 1,650.00
Total Expenditures		Name of the last o	 1,650.00
Receipts Over(Under) Expenditures		-	(1,650.00)
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		1,650.00	1,650.00
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	1,650.00	\$ -

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS FEDERAL COMPLIANCE SECTION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/	FEDERAL		
PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	AMOUNT	AMOUNT
PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	RECEIVED	EXPENDED
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Rural Develo			
Direct Programs			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems			
for Rural Communities	10.760		
Water Project		\$ -	\$1,009,220.22
Wastewater Project		-	156,315.91
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,165,536.13
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
Passed through the State of Kansas Governor's	Office		
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	66,232.38	\$ 81,206.81
		\$ 66,232.38	<u>\$1,246,742.94</u>

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

- (1) In 2021, temporary bonds totaling \$2,650,000 were issued and used to to finance the water project until the USDA RD loan and grant funds are received. In 2022, temporary bonds totaling \$6,416,000 were issued and used to finance the wastewater project until the USDA RD loan and grant funds are received. Since the temporary bonds were used to pay expenses associated with the project that ultimately will be funded with USDA RD loan and grant funds, the expenses paid with the temporary bonds are considered federal expenditures.
- (2) Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which records expenses when the goods or services are received, plus accounts payable. Expenditures for these programs may differ from the City's regulatory basis financial statement inasmuch as the City records expenditures when an encumbrance or contract is signed in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting, whereas expenditures on the financial reports are recorded when the goods or services are received.

Díehl Banwart Bolton

Certified Public Accountants PA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Mayor and the City Council City of Linn Valley, Kansas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Linn Valley, Kansas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The City of Linn Valley, Kansas' major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Linn Valley, Kansas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Diehl, Banwart, Bolton, CPAsPA

DIEHL, BANWART, BOLTON, CPAs PA

October 6, 2023 Fort Scott, Kansas

Diehl Banwart Bolton

Certified Public Accountants PA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and the City Council City of Linn Valley, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statement of the City of Linn Valley, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Linn Valley, Kansas' basic financial statement, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the City of Linn Valley, Kansas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The City of Linn Valley, Kansas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Linn Valley, Kansas' financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Diehl, Banwart, Bolton, CPAsPA

DIEHL, BANWART, BOLTON, CPAs PA

October 6, 2023 Fort Scott, Kansas

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION 1 - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:

The auditors' report was adverse for departures from accounting principles generally accepted in the United State's of America due to the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Kansas regulatory basis of accounting. An unqualified opinion on the regulatory basis of accounting financial statement of the government was issued.

Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness identified?		Yes	_X_	No
Significant deficiency identified?		Yes	_X_	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Internal control over major programs:				
 Material weakness identified? 		Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Significant deficiency identified?		Yes	<u>X</u>	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major				
programs:		<u>Unqualified</u>		
•				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in		Vos	v	Mo
accordance with section 510(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		res	<u>X</u>	INO
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Numbers Name of Federal	l Progr	am		
	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities			
10,700 Water tille Waste Bisposar	D) 500x.	110 101 1		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B				
programs:		\$	750,0	00_
		**	77	3. T
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No

CITY OF LINN VALLEY, KANSAS LINN VALLEY, KANSAS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No material findings or questioned costs are required to be disclosed under Government Auditing Standards.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No material findings or questioned costs are required to be disclosed under the Uniform Guidance.